



A guideline produced by TINDAK MALAYSIA

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Aim of the Publication

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- **1. To assist** Election Agents about their roles and responsibilities
- 2. To provide short and relevant key points for all Election Agents
- **3. To create awareness** about the importance of an Election Agent.







What is an Election Agent?

An election agent is a person appointed by a candidate that is contesting in an election under Section 12 Election Offences Act 1954.

The appointed election agent will act on behalf of the candidate as well as overseeing the election campaign machinery on behalf of the candidate.









Who can be an Election agent?

Who can be an Election Agent?

According to Section 13 of the Election Offences Act he or she must be...



A Malaysian citizen







Not convicted of any offences involving dishonesty or violence or convicted of or has been released from prison after service a sentence of imprisonment within 5 years preceding the day of nomination of the election.



Not registered under the Prevention of Crimes Act 1959 (Act 297)



Not convicted under Section 52(3) Societies Act 1966 (Act 335) or an order made towards the person under Section 66 (4) Societies Act 1966 (Act 335)



Not an undischarged bankrupt



Desired attributes of an Election Agent

To become an election agent, it is advised to have the following attributes



Uncompromising beliefs



Share the same core values as the candidate or political party or movement

Protect the interest of the candidate



Trustworthiness, wisdom and integrity



People and project management skills



Supervise Election and PACA directors



Skills in managing volunteers for your candidate



Being firm and assertive when difficult situation arises



Desired attributes of an Election Agent

As an example, here are some practical situations faced by an Election Agent:

The presiding officer (Ketua Tempat Mengundi) refused to sign a Borang 14 and insists the election agent to leave the voting station.

As a responsible election agent you must stand your ground and inform any officer or person the relevant law to be carried out, here is an example of a statement useful in asserting your duty -

"Tuan KTM diwajibkan mengikut peruntukan undang undang. Jika Tuan KTM menghalau saya dari tempat mengundi kerana enggan mengisi borang 14, saya akan membuat satu laporan polis dan akan memastikan tindakan mahkamah diambil terhadap Tuan KTM kerana melanggar Elections (Conduct of Elections) Regulations 1981. Saya akan meminta pihak polis untuk menahan Tuan KTM.

Tujuan saya bukan untuk buat kecoh. Saya hanya mahu Tuan KTM ikut peraturan SPR."



Desired attributes of an Election Agent

Please watch our webinar titled "PACA - Relating to Election Stakeholders" on **TINDAK Malaysia** Facebook page where one of our guest speakers shared a footage of a dispute between SPR officer and an Election agent.

FB link (Timestamp: 1:46:30)

https://www.facebook.com/TindakActionMalaysia/videos/349721580355547

QR code for those with a physical copy:









The duties of an Election Agent







As an Election agent you will need to be familiar with the **3Rs**:

- **Roles:** To ensure the appointment of PACABAs and the nomination of a candidate.
- **Responsibilities:** To conduct and oversee the campaign management of the candidate
- **Rights:** To be familiar with the rights granted by law for an Election Agent.



PACABA stands for Polling agent, Counting agent and Barung agent. These three roles are an important part of the election machinery in an election. They are responsible for safeguarding the sanctity and integrity of an election as well as the interests of the candidate that they represent.

An Election Agent must prioritize and secure the appointments of these persons people for the following roles:

- **PACABA manager**: Oversee PACABA training and/or assign volunteers roles accordingly.
- **PACABA trainer**: Conduct PACABA training and ensuring the training is being carry out effectively.
- **PACABA head**: To lead PACABA in each polling streams and expected to be an all rounder and able to assist during any emergency.

**NOTE: PACABA trainer and manager can be the same person.





The appointment of PACABA.

The election agent must ensure the following documents are carried by the PACABA agents

- Identification card
- Pas Petugas (SPR issued tag)
- Surat Lantikan (Letter of Appointment) signed by the candidate or the Election Agent
- Borang Sumpah Kerahsiaan (Borang A) (Oath of Secrecy, Form A)

PACABA must obtain a SPR issued tag, the Letter of appointment, Form A and a passport size photo must submit to the Returning officer.



The original Form A must be kept by the Election Agent and given to the PACA



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	7 Februari 2011			

Letter of appointment

1	Kesalahan Pilihan Rayu	6
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Form A



Once the appointment of PACABA is finalized, the PACABA manager and the Election Agent must prepare the above documents to be submitted to the Returning officer and the Presiding Officer (KTM) in accordance with -

Section 14 (1) (a) and (c) of the Election Offences Act 1954, Sections 15(5) and 25 (1) Elections (Conduct of Elections) Regulations

- Election Agent/Candidate inform the presiding officer (KTM) in writing of the polling agents, counting agents and booth observers that are appointed.
- The returning officer shall be informed by the Election Agent/ Candidate in writing of the name and address of the polling agents and counting agents that are appointed.



Booth Observers (Pemerhati Barung)



Booth observers also known as Barung Agents are appointed by Election Agents to act as observers at the booths on behalf of the candidate to observe the process of verifying the voters' identity by the Kerani Penyemak Daftar Pemilih (KPDP) in accordance with the electoral roll. Section 26A (2) Election Offences Act 1954





Source: Suruhan Pilihan Raya Malaysia: Akedemi Pilihan Raya, PERANAN PETUGAS PARTI POLITIK_20 jan

Pre -polling planning for PACABA team.

Never TOO early in establishing your PACABA database where sufficient time is a good advantage when it comes to organizing your volunteers. Here are some important tips you should take note of:

- **To estimate how many PACABA** you should recruit based on the updated electoral roll.
- **PACABA recruitment need constant monitoring** and will not finalize until the polling day as some volunteers will drop out or join in.
- **PACA work and administration work should be separated** or evenly distributed to ensure there is no excessive workload on the volunteers.
- **Check the electoral rolls regularly** to plan your PACABA deployment, as certain polling districts may need priority in monitoring the election processes.



Pre -polling planning for PACABA team.

- **Pinpoint suspicious trend in the electoral rolls** and monitor irregular spikes in voter. This is crucial in deciding how you field your PACAs
- **Check the commitments of your PACAs** to ensure that they have minimal chances in not showing up during polling day.



- For example you could have a questionnaire via google form every few weeks for existing PACA volunteers to confirm their commitments leading up to polling day.
- **Knowing your PACA shortfalls** will allow you to establish your backup teams in case there are no shows or any last minute surge of volunteers for you to redirect them to districts that are lacking in PACAs.



For example you could chart out your volunteers based on polling day's hourly shift of 2 hours(in total of 4 Shifts for the day). The empty shifts are your shortfall.



A timeline on planning your PACABA team



PACA Training

- The training must be conducted in a consistent and simplified manner, as the election laws and regulations are not widely known by most PACA volunteers. This is to ensure that PACA volunteers are well versed with the relevant election laws
- Role plays and simulations are crucial to provide hands-on training and to familiarize the PACA volunteers about their roles and responsibilities on polling day.



To ensure that the PACA training is conducted in an interactive manner, the training can be done via a combination of online and physical training sessions. The use of online tools are required to maximize the turn out of volunteers.



There are several online tools you can use for free to help improve the training experience such as Discord, Notion, Slack, Google related office tools. (G-Docs, G-Slides, G-Sheets, G-Classroom and etc)



Collaborate with civil societies or NGOs to carry out certain trainings.



As an Election Agent, you are the **representative of the candidate**. While the candidate is focusing on being the face of the election, the Election Agent needs to work behind the scenes to ensure the smooth running of the election machinery.

Here are the most important tasks you should focus on:



Validate and verify your teams, i.e: PACAs and Admins



Oversee logistics such as items to be purchase, transportation and time schedules.



Signature on all relevant forms. Pay attention to any important forms such as Form A and letter of appointment



Prepare and submit election finances incurred by candidate to the SPR after the election day is gazetted within 30 days.



Preparation of PACABA lists for Ketua Tempat Mengundi.



Keep paper trails for any petition filings and financial submission.



1	

Ensure the complete paperwork and payments for Candidate nomination

\checkmark	

Collect Electoral Rolls from the Returning Officer (RO) and ensure that polling arrangements are acceptable

\checkmark

Liaise with RO on any arising issues and collect Borang 13 & 14 for the final count



PACABA kits are prepared and distributed to the volunteers.



Appoint and register PACABA & associated persons to arrange for PACABA trainings.

1		
	\checkmark	

Verify the final locations of polling and counting stations and to negotiate polling stations closing time with RO.



Meeting with RO to come to an agreement and understanding on certain issues for the purpose of all the KTM to have the same understanding. This is to avoid misinterpretation such as PA is only allow to serve a maximum of 2 hours.

Form 13 of the Schedule 1 of the Elections (Conduct of Elections) Regulations, 1981

Form 13 is a ballot paper statement showing the amount of ballot papers received from the returning officer and the amount of ballot papers issued to the voters. It is to show the number of unused ballot papers and spoilt ballot paper – "Kertas Undi Rosak".

Form 13 will show the total number of ballot papers to be accounted for in the ballot box after the close of polling.



The original Form 13 shall be retained by the presiding officer (KTM) who must complete and verify the form. The **PACAs who are present can sign the form** according to Regulation 24(1)(c) of Elections (Conduct of Elections) Regulations 1981

In practice, the PACAs are permitted by the presiding officer (KTM) to copy the details of the Form 13 in the PACA's own copy of Form 13. It is important to ensure that all PACAs have their own copies of Form 13.



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Form 14 of the Schedule 1 of the Elections (Conduct of Elections) Regulations, 1981

A statement of the poll after counting the ballot papers. It shows the total number of ballot papers to be accounted for in the ballot box as stated in Form 13 and the total amount of counted votes. This excludes all the rejected ballot papers.

- After the completion of the counting of the votes, the KTM must prepare copies of Form 14. The Form 14 must be certified by the KTM and signed by each candidate or his election agent or counting agent who is present.
- 1 copy of the Form 14 must be delivered to the returning officer which must be enclosed in a special envelope that is supplied and signed by presiding officer.
- 1 copy of the Form 14 must be delivered to each of the candidate or his election agent or counting agent who is present.
- This is in accordance with Section 25 (12) (b) Elections (Conduct of Elections) Regulations, 1981



	76 Undang-Undang Malaysia P.U. (A) 386/1
	B - Bilangan undian oleh pemilih bagi setiap orang calon yang bertandir
Sample of Form 14	Nama Calan, Nama Parti Politik/ Bilangan (Ejaun dan susunan nama Bebas calon HENDAKLAH SAMA seperti yang dicetak pada keperti yang dicetak pada
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AKTA PILIHAN RAYA 1958	
PERATURAN-PERATURAN PILIHAN RAYA (PENJALANAN PILIHAN RAYA) 1981	
BORANG 14	Jumlah undian oleh pemilih
[Subperaturan 25(12)]	C - Bilangan kertas undi yang ditolak (selepas undi ragu diputuskan menurut subperaturan 25(6) dan (?))
NEGERI	D - Jumlah kertas undi yang dikeluarkan kepada pengundi tetapi tidak dimasukkan ke dalam peti undi (A-B-C)
Nama Pusat Mengundi	Saya memperakui bahawa penyata di atas adalah betul.
No. Kod Daerah Mengundi	
Bahagian Pilihaa Raya	Tandatangan
	Bertarikh
A - Jumlah kertas undi yang patut berada di dalam peti undi (seperti di E dalam Borang 13)	Nama Ketua Tempat Menguna

Source

First schedule SubRegulation 25(12) Form 14 of Elections Elections (Conduct of Elections) Regulations 1981

Designated driver during polling day.

3

As there can only be ONE Election Agent for each candidate, all Election Agents are advised to have a driver in order to travel more quickly in responding to emergencies that requires your presence.

Please watch our webinars titled "Election Agent - PACABA" on TINDAK Malaysia Facebook page where one of our guest speakers shared his experience in having a driver for his work as an Election Agent.

FB link (Timestamp: 28:49 - 35:00) https://www.facebook.com/watch/live/?ref=watch_permalink&v=536910934292326

QR code for those with a physical copy:





EAState

EA relationship with the various stakeholders.

JOM MENGUNDI!



Candidate Machinery

The candidate's election machinery does not consist of just the Election Agents and the PACABAs, but also include other following roles:

- Campaign Director
- Finance Manager
- Admin clerks

Candidate Machinery





Picture credits to Shafwan Zaidon (https://malaysia.news.yahoo.com/pakatan-hopeful-claims-polling-age nt-070838067.html)



Support your team

The candidate's election machinery consists of volunteers who are passionate about the cause of the political party.

Do provide adequate **support** to your candidate's team.
SPR Machinery

Suruhanjaya Pilihan Raya Malaysia (SPR) or Election Commission (EC) is responsible for the conduct of elections in Malaysia.

It is important to know about the EC's key roles in carrying out elections and to keep in mind to maintain friendly relations with all parties involved in order to minimize the chances of unnecessary confrontation.



SPR Machinery



SPR Machinery

- **Returning Officer (Pegawai Pengurus):** Appointed by the Election Commission under Section 3 (1) Election Act 1958. This person is in charge of overseeing the conduct of polling, counting process and to decide validity of ballot paper. A returning officer is subject to the control, supervision and direction of the Election Commission under Section 4 (2A) Elections Act 1958.
- **Presiding Officer (Ketua Tempat Mengundi):** Appointed by the returning officer under Section 12 of Election Regulations 1981 to preside at a polling station
- **Penyelia Pusat Mengundi**: Appointed by the Returning officer for the purposes of supervising and making sure the readiness of a polling centre during the election. This person is responsible to provide briefings to the KPDP and PAPM about their respective tasks.
- **Pemandu Arah Pusat Mengundi**: To guide voters to the SPR barung and the polling centre, responsible for ensuring that the COVID-19 SOPs are complied with, to ensure that non-authorized persons are not permitted to enter the polling centre. This person is also tasked to provide any help to voters or other election officers.



Other Stakeholders

Enforcement Team (Pasukan Penguatkuasa)

Part IVA of the Election Offences Act 1954 states the laws on Enforcement team.

- The establishment of enforcement team by the EC as required under Section 27B Election Offences Act 1954.
- The enforcement team under Section 27(C) Election Offence Offences Act 1954 also consists of a political party's representative who is appointed in writing by the candidate of his election agent.
- The main function of the enforcement team is to monitor and control the activities of the candidates to ensure that the election laws and regulations are compiled with.

Police force (Ketua Polis Daerah/Wakil PDRM)

Local Authorities (Pihak Berkuasa Tempatan)





Prior to nomination day, the Election agent must do the following to secure the nomination of their candidate.



The nomination papers for the candidate to submit (refer to the next slide)



Election deposit of RM 10,000.00 for parliamentary seat or RM 5000.00 for state assembly seat in accordance with Section 5 (1) Election (Conduct of Elections) Regulations 1981



Campaign materials deposit of RM 5000.00 for parliament seat and RM 3000.00 for state assembly seat in accordance with Section 24B Election Offences Act 1954



The set of documentation for nominating your candidate, this is usually sold at the state district office prior to election day.

Schedule 1 of Election (Conduct of Elections) Regulations 1981

- Form 4 | 4A : Nomination paper
- Form 5|5A : Statutory Declaration of a person nominated as a candidate for election as a member of the dewan rakyat.

Election Offences Act 1954

• Form A: Oath of Secrecy

Form SPR

- Form SPR 766 (Borang Maklumat Tambahan Calon)
- Form SPR 715 (Borang Deposit Bahan Kempen Pilihan Raya)
- Contoh Pengisian Borang Penamaan Calon



- Surat Kebenaran Mengunakan Simbol Parti: An official letter from the party the candidate represent must be signed by the party officer responsible for allowing the candidate to use the party symbol in accordance with Section 11(2)(d) of the Election Regulations (Conduct of Elections) Regulations 1981
- **Resit Deposit Pilihan Raya:** An official receipt obtain by submitting your election deposit to the Returning officer or the state election office.
- Resit Deposit Bahan Kempen Pilihan Raya (If any)
- Identification Card

Qualification for proposer, seconder and witness (Pencadang, Penyokong dan Saksi) of the candidate.

- The proposer and seconder must be a registered voter from the area of parliamentary/state assembly election.
- The witness must be a Malaysian and age 21 and above.
- Sign on the nomination papers of the candidate



Nomination paper (Form 4 | Form 4A)

1	Bahagian Pilihan Raya Parlimen*
1)	BUTIR-BUTIR CALON
	Nama Penuh :
	No. K.P.** :
	Nama lain, jika ada †:
	Pekerjaan, jika ada †:
	Alamat Tempat Tinggal :
	Alamat Surat-Menyurat :

- Bahagian Pilihan Raya Parlimen : Fill up with the code or name of the area, for example, PEKAN or P.065 PEKAN
- 2. Nama: Following the exact same as your IC, no honorary or academic titles (I.e: Dato, Prof)
- **3.** Nama Lain: If the candidate has other names known by the public, it is permissible to use.
- 4. Alamat Tempat Tinggal:
- Parliamentary seat: Same as IC and allow to use his/her current residence anywhere in Malaysia.
- State Legislature seat: The candidate's IC must show the same as the address in the state where the candidate is contesting.
- **1. Alamat Surat Menyurat**: Postal address of the candidate within the state in which the candidate is contesting.



Nomination paper (Form 4 | Form 4A)

	Nama dalam huruf besar	No. K.P.**
Pencadang		
Penyokong		
tersebut di atas men seorang yang layak Rakyat bagi Bahagi sepanjang yang kan	tangan di bawah, pemilih bagi Ba amakan orang yang butir butiray dan sesuai untuk berkhidmat set an Pilihan Raya tersebut dan ku i percaya dia layak untuk dipi aan Persekutuan Malaysia.	a disebut di atas agai seorang ahli ami memperakui lih menjadi seora
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Ditandatangani oleh	ii bersetujii dengan penamaan y calon yang dinamakan di atas c No	Tandatangan Ii hadapan:

- 5. **Butir- Butir pencadang dan penyokong**: Details of the proposer and seconder must be the same as IC
- 6. **Nama pada kertas Undi**: The name used by the candidate on the ballot paper.



Sample of Form 5, Form A, Form SPR 766 (Borang Maklumat Tambahan Calon/Ejen Pilihan Raya)

	DUD SETEM DIRECUALIKAN	AKTA KESALAHAN PILIHAN RAYA 1954 Borang a	Borang Maklumat Tambahan Calon/I	Ejen Pilihan Raya
AKTA PILIHAN RAYA 1958		[Subseksven 5(1)]	1. Maklumat Calon	
PERATURAN PERATURAN PILIHA (PENJALANAN PILIHAN RAYA)		BORANG SUMPAH KERAHAJAAN	Nama	
BORANG 5		SayaNo. Kad Pengenalan	No. Kad Pengenalan	
[Subperaturan 4(7)]		bersumpah bahawa saya tidak akan melakukan dalam pilihan raya bagi bahagian	Jantina :	GAMBAR CALON (GAMBAR UKURAN
AKUAN BERKANUN ORANG YANG D SEBAGAI CALON PILIHAN RAYA B		pilihan raya/kawasan pilihan raya apa-apa perkara yang ditegah oleh seksyen 5° Akta Kesalahan Pilihan Raya	The second s	PASPORT)
DEWAN RAKYAT	Vienne all and the second second	1954 [Akta 5], yang telah dibacakan kepada saya.	No. Telefon Bimbit	
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dengan sesungguhnya dan sebenarnya mengaku bahar	wa:	Bertarikh	crine (ive ave)	
 Saya berkelayakan dengan sewajarnya untuk dipi Dewan Rakyat mengikut Perlembagaan Malaysia. 	lih sebagai seorang ahli		2. Maklumat Ejen Pilihan Røya	
 Saya tidak hilang kelayakan menurut muna-mana p tersebut atau mana-mana undang-undang bertulis yang l seorang ahli Dewan Rakyat. 	eruntukan Perlembagaan lain untuk dipilih sebagai	Tandatangan orang yang mengangkai sumpah	Nama Na Kad Pengenalan	
Saya membuat akuan ini dengan kepercayaan bahaw di dalamnya adalah benar, serta menurut kuasa Akta	a apa-apa yang tersebut Akuan Berkanun 1960.		Jantina :	GAMBAR EJEN PILIHAN BAYA
Diperbuat dan dengan sebenar-benarnya diakui oloh yang tersebut namanya di atas		Di hadapan soya	Alamat Al	(GAMBAR UKURAN PASPORT)
	Tandatangan Calon	Tandalangan	Alamat (Surat-menyurat)	
20		Pengerusi utau Anggota Suruhanjaya Pilihan Raya Setiansaha Suruhanjaya Pilihan Raya		(accessed)
Di hadapan saya		Pengarah Pilihan Raya Negeri Pegawai Yang Hak	No. Telefon (Rumah)	
(Tandatangan Hakim Mahkamah Sesyen, Malisteet, Pesuruhiasa Sumpah,			No. Telefon Bimbli	
Majistret, resurunyasa Sumpan, Pegawai Pilihan Raya Negeri bagi Negeri yang dalamnya Bahagian Pilihan Raya yang			No. Telefon (Pejabat)	
yang dalamnya hanagian Pulhan kaya yang orang itu bertanding terletak, atau pegawai pengurus bagi Bahagian Pilihan Raya itu)		Seksyen ini enseldel dibushak kopolo peribina ainan oloh orang yang aragambil ainan ini,	E-mel (jika ada)	

Source (starting from the left)

First schedule SubRegulation 4(7) Form 5 of Elections Elections (Conduct of Elections) Regulations 1981

First schedule Subsection 5(1) Form A of Election Offences Act 1954

Page 11, item 10 (https://www.spr.gov.my/sites/default/files/SHK%206.2021%20CETAK%20D0KUMEN%20PRU_15032021.pdf)

The documentation of nomination is to be submitted before 10:00 in the morning. After the closing of submission of candidate nomination, the presiding officer shall announce the closure.

The presiding officer shall inform to the rejected candidate and it's justification as well as the accepted candidate. A cop of "diterima" or "ditolak" shall be shown.

TEKS PENGUMUMAN WAKTU PENUTUPAN PENYERAHAN KERTAS PENAMAAN CALON

Saya	selaku Pegawai Pengurus
Bahagian Pilihan Raya P	
ini mengumumkan bahawa tempoh	penyerahan kertas penamaan
calon telah tamat. Pengumuman	keputusan pertandingan akan
dilakukan selepasini.	- Sharan Barrish Sharan Sharan Sharan

Sekian untuk makluman, terima kasih.





On polling day: The visitation to the polling centres is important to keep tabs on the work being done and ensure compliance to election laws. It is best to visit the polling centres before polling day to know how much time you need to visit each *salurans*, if possible.

Ensure that your PACA agents have their own Form 13 at the start of the polling day and the end of polling day. Form 13 is crucial to show how many ballot papers are issued in order to correspond with Form 14 at the end of the counting of all the votes.

Please refer to slides 27 to 32 for information on Form 13 and Form 14.



Gazetted notices of Elections.

The gazetted notices are crucial information that is released by the SPR on matters such as time of voting.

For example, in the 2022 Johor State Election, the time period of voting is not being observed closely by political parties which results in non communication to the voters by the candidates.

Therefore it is important for Election agents to monitor any gazetted notices up until the polling day.

DAP candidate shocked EC closing some polling stations earlier

B Nantha Kumar Published: Mar 12, 2022 5:01 PM - Updated: 6:19 PM

JOHOR POLLS | The decision by the Election Commission (EC) to close earlier several polling centres in the Johor election, with the excuse of a low number of voters in the area is a shocking one, said DAP's M Kanan.

When contacted, Kanan, who is a candidate for the Bekok state seat, confirmed that at least three polling centres were closed at 2pm while one was closed at 4pm.

> Source: MalaysiaKini (https://www.malaysiakini.com/news/614134)



Visit <u>Federal Legislation Portal Malaysia</u> and look for "Subsidiary Legislation, P.U.(B)"



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04/03/2022	P.U. (8) 133/2022	NOTIS PILIHAN RAYA YANG DIPERTANDINGKAN - DEWAN NEGERI BAGI NEGERI JOHOR AKTA 19 - AKTA PILIHAN RAYA 1958 NOTICE OF CONTESTED ELECTION - LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY FOR THE STATE OF JOHORE ACT 19 - ELECTIONS ACT 1958	Princips	al		8	2	
10/12/2021	P.U. (E) 661/2021	NOTIS PILIHAN RAYA YANG DIPERTANDINGKAN - DEWAN UNDANGAN BAGI NEGERI SARAWAK AKTA 19 - AKTA PILIHAN RAYA 1958	Princip	ai.		ia.		



QR code for the portal.

Contact information of the Returning Officer

The election team of your candidate should be make known of the basic contact information of the returning officers.

This is to make your team members to respond to emergencies involving the office of the returning officer.

Please visit the site Pengumuman | Portal Rasmi Suruhanjaya Pilihan Raya Malaysia (SPR) for any announcements from SPR.

SENARAI ALAMAT, NO. TELEFON DAN NO. FAKS PEGAWAI PENGURUS BAGI PILIHAN RAYA UMUM (PRU) DEWAN NEGERI JOHOR KE-15







Inside the polling station

You can model your physical mock up session according to this illustration



(B)

Illustration courtesy of SV Singam

Converting the polling station into counting station

You can model your physical mock up session according to this illustration



1. PA becomes CA, stays in Saluran

- 2. Room is rearranged
- 3. Ballot Box opened
- 4. Ballots held up for CA to see
- 5. Ballots put in appropriate dulang
- 6. Ballots for each Calon as well as spoiled Ballots counted
- 7. Borang 14 filled up

CA will observe process make sure no irregularities & collect completed Borang 14 KMU: Kerani Mengira Undi (Counting clerks)

KTM: Ketua Tempat Mengundi (Presiding Officer)

EMU: Ejen Mengira Undi (Counting Agent)

Illustration courtesy of SV Singam



After Polling day

Submission of election expenses.



Borang B, Borang C and Borang D are required for the financial disclosure of the candidate's campaign.

The above mentioned forms are required to be submitted within 30 days from the date of the Election Day is gazetted in accordance with Section 23 (1) Election Offences Act 1954

Examples of expenses:

Rental: Storage area, training area, canopies, tables and chairs, fans and lighting. Transport, sound system

Purchases: Photocopying machine, stationery, video production, T- shirts, Flags, bamboo, billboards, banners

Allowances: PACA and flags, vehicle usage, phone usage, meals, refreshment, legal fees.

Failure to submit the above documents within the time limit, until such statements are transmitted, the candidate is not able to

- Sit as a elected member of state legislature/member of parliament or
- Vote in elections or
- Until the date of the allowance of such authorized excuse for failure to transmit in accordance to Section 23 (3). He or she will also be found guilty under Section 23 (4) of Election Offences Act 1954

Section 30 Election Offences Act 1954 also provides the grounds of exception to the non-compliance with Section 23.

After Polling day

Election Offences Act 1954

Borang B: Penyata Berkenaan Dengan Belanja Pilihan Raya (Election income expenses)

Any monetary, guarantee or valued promise related to the election must be written down in this form.

The spending on the election campaign as shown in the form must also be written and submitted to the returning officer prior to the nomination day.

AKTA KESALAHAN PILIHAN RAYA 1954
BORANG B
[Subseksyen 23(1)]
PENYARA BERKENAAN DENGAN BELANJA PILIHAN RAYA
Bahagian pilihan raya Kawasan pilihan raya
Nama calon
Nama ejen pilihan raya
Tarikh keputusan pilihan raya disiarkan dalam Warta

RESIT. Catatan I. Berikan butir butir mengenai apa-apa wang, jaminan, atau balasan bernilai yang diterima atau dijanjikan berkenaan dengan belanja yang dilakukan kerana atau berkaitan atau bersampingan dengan pilihan raya itu. Butir-butir mengenai wang atau jaminan yang diberikan oleh calon mestilah dimasukkan.

Nama penderma	Perihalan (Peraman, Kelab, Periubahan atan Orang Persencangso)	Jenis derma (Sumbangan, Piajaman, Deposit, dsb.)	RM	8.37B . K
			_	
				1
			_	-
			-	1
			_	-
			-	-
			-	-
		JUMLAH	_	-

HANJA PRIHAN RAYA, Catatan 2, Semua pembayaran hendaklah dengan suatu bil yang menyatakan butir-butirnya, kecuali sebagaimana yang diperuntukkan oleh seksyen 16 Akta Kesalahan Pilihan Raya 1954 [Akta 5].

Berlesin Printee Rit	th YANG DO	AKUEAN		
Peribalan		Batir-butir seperti dalom Semini No.	Am EM	aun a
Pembayaran kepeda ejen, komm dan pengatua	2	_		
Rolanja perjelanan bagi yang tersebut di atas		1		
Relanja perjahanan bagi orang lain		1		
Pencetakon				
Pongiklanan			i	-
Alat ralis		1		
Bayaran pos, hayaran telegram dan telefon		-		
Scwa bilik bagi perjumpaan awam atau sebaga Jawatankuasa	ú bild			
Lesen				
Perbelanjaan pelbagai		-		
Belanja oleh utung yang dibenarkan				_
Tuntutan yang dipertikaikan		1		
Tuntutan yang belom dibayar		()		
		JUMLAH		
AKUAN Untuk diisi oleh calon atau ejen pilihan rayanya. Saya, "esdoar/ejen pilihan raya, membuat penyata yang tensebut di atas mengenan belana pilihan raya.		pilihar	ray yan	
belanja pilihan raya bagi calon yang tersebut dalam pilihan raya itu dan memperakui bahawa sepanjang yang saya ketahui dan percayai penyata itu lenckan dan betul.	yang pilihan ruya saya i dan pilihan raya itu d yang bahawa sepanjeng y		ndiri d mempe saya ko	lalan raku stahu

Tandatangan	Tandatangan
Tarikh	Tarikh

"Potong mana-mana yang tidak berkenaan

After Polling day

- contract in the second	
	BORANG C
	[Subseksyen 23(2)]
PERNYAT	aan atas Sumpah oleh Calon
	beralamat.
kawasan pilihan raya bersumpah) bahawa penyata adalah benar sepanjang yang belanja yang dinyatakan dala	k pilihan raya di dalam bahagian pilihan raya unan disertakan ini mengenai belanja pilihan raya yang disertakan ini mengenai belanja pilihan raya g saya ketahui dan percayai dan bahawa. Kecuali amnya itu, tiada apa-apa belanja daripada apa jua ang saya ketahui atau percayai, dilakukan dalam, an saya.
Bertarikh	20
	Calon
Dengan sesungguhnya berik	rar (atau bersumpah) di hadapan saya

Pengerusi atau Anggota Sur Majistret	ruhanjaya Pilihan Raya
Majistret Jaksa Pendamai	
Bassaching Consel	

AKTA KESALAHAN PU IHAN RAYA 1954

Borang C: Pernyataan Atas Sumpah Oleh Calon (Sworn statement by the candidate)

Pengarah Pilihan Raya Negeri

AKTA KESALAHAN PILIHAN RAYA 1954

BORANG D

[Subseksyen 23(2)]

PERNYATAAN BERSUMPAH OLEH EJEN PILIHAN RAYA

Saya, No. Kac Pengenalan
Bertarikh 20
Ejen Pilihan Raya
Dengan sesungguhnya berikrar (atau bersumpah) di hadapan saya
Pengerusi atau Anggata Suruhanjaya Pilihan Raya

Pengerah alau Anggola surahanjuya Puthon Raya Majistrei Jaksa Pendanai Pesuruhjaya Sumpah Pengarah Pilihan Raya Negeri

Borang D: Pernyataan Bersumpah Oleh Ejen Pilihan Raya (Sworn statement by the Election Agent)



Election Agent's checklist.



Election agent must recognize it's **authority** and rights in the election process

Establish **communications** with the Returning officer and other relevant authorities in the election.

Appoint your PACABA's team and ensuring **training** for the the PACABA's are adequate.

Preparation and distribution of PACABA kit

Establish any **shortfall** in your PACA team and check the electoral rolls quarterly.

Sign all the relevant forms (Form A, nomination papers, etc)



Verify the voting time and locations of polling and counting stations through SPR website.



Payment of campaign deposit and receipt for the campaign deposit.



Submission of election **expenses** after the election.



Prepare paper trails for any **petition** filing.



Oversee logistics such as equipment rentals, transport, etc.



Ensure the **compliance** of election laws during polling and counting of votes.



Attend any **meetings** or briefings with SPR, PDRM and relevant authorities



Documentation is key

The interest of your candidate is at the utmost importance. However it is impossible to do so without sufficient proof of documentation to backup your claims.

Here are some tips to look out for:

- All letters with signature or any certification: Make sure every communication made to officials such as SPR and PDRM are done in a black and white basis.
- **Careful and precise wording:** In your letters, outline the scope of election campaigns, permission for campaigning and etc.
- **Double check with the authorities:** Since there is always a possibility of last minute changes, always confirm with the relevant authorities particularly on SPR procedures and police permission for certain activities.
- **Copies, copies and copies:** Prepare enough documentation in case of emergencies demanding extra copies.



Campaign Financing

What are allowed to be claim as campaign expenses in an election by candidate?



The candidate or his election agent and persons authorized are allowed under Section 15A Election Offences Act 1954

- to **hold**, **convene**, **organize** any open public meeting, open public rally or open public entertainment or giving open public address or lecture
- **Print or issue** advertisements, circulars or publications
- **Presenting to electors her/his views** or the extend of his backing or disparaging another candidate, this applies to publication in newspaper or expenses incurred due to travelling or similar personal expenses
- **Any payment required to be authorized** by an election agent shall send the election agent a return accompanied by a declaration verifying the return within 14 days.

Every expenses incurred during the election must be vouched by a bill stating the particulars and a by a receipt, except where the expenses is less than RM10 according to Section 16 Election Offences Act 1954

Remuneration of Election agent is allowed under Section 17 Election Offences Act 1954

Campaign Financing

What is the maximum amount of sums or expenses allowed for a candidate in an election?

Under Section 19 of Election Offences Act 1954:

- RM 200,000.00 in the case of an election to the Dewan Rakyat,
- RM 100,000.00 in the case of an election to a State Legislative Assembly.
- RM 10,000.00 in the case of an election to a local authority other than a local council*

What type of expenses or payment to are not allowed?

- No payment to conveyance (transport) the electors to or from the poll under Section 20 of Election Offences Act 1954. An exception can be made if voters are unable at an election to reach their polling stations without crossing the sea or a branch or arm thereof or a river. Such means of conveyance (transport) must be made available equally to all such electors or voters.

Who can the candidate employ to work during an election? According to Section 21 of Election Offences Act 1954, only the following

- One election agent
- Polling agents based on the number of polling station
- A reasonable number of clerks and messengers

*Local council elections are no longer held in Malaysia and have no application in Sabah and Sarawak



Limitation on Election campaign

Under Section 24A of Election Offences Act 1954, the candidate is not allow to

- use loud speaker or any musical instruments for the purposes of political propaganda
- wait or loiter within a distance of 50 metres front he limit of any place of nomination

Under Section 24B of Election Offences Act 1954, the candidate is allow to

- hold any meetings or activities similar to that nature in public provided the candidate holds a permit to do so issued by the police officer in charge of the district to him/her
- **display, furnish or distribute election campaign materials** to the members of the public if he holds a permit to do so issued to him the state elections officer and has paid the deposit of RM5000.00 for the case of election to dewan rakyat and RM3000.00 in the case of state legislative assembly.
- Not affix or display campaign material within a distance of 50 metres from the limits of any polling station

Postal voting

Postal voting agent



The process of postal voting consists of

- 1. Issuance of postal ballot papers
 - The Postal voting agent must attend and observe the process for issuance of postal ballot papers
 - Obtain a list postal voters.
 - After the issuance of ballot papers, cross the names of postal voters from the Buku Daftar Pemilih Pilihan Raya (DPPR)
- 2. Despatch of postal ballot papers
- **3. Opening of postal voters' ballot box**
 - Attend and observe the opening of postal voters' ballot papers in envelope B (covering envelopes) under Section 15 Elections (Postal voting) Regulations 2003.
 - The opening of envelope A under Section 17 Elections (Postal voting) Regulations 2003
- 4. Counting of postal voting ballots.

Postal voting

- The documents to be sent to postal voters are a **ballot paper**, **Form 2, an envelope A and an envelope B** in accordance with Section 8 Elections (Postal voting) Regulations 2003
- The returning officer shall prepare for the receipt of envelope B when returned by the postal voters and and **show the open and empty ballot box to the agents present**, after which the ballot box shall be locked and affixed with security tape and signed by the returning officer and the agents present in accordance with Section 10 Elections (Postal voting) Regulations 2003
- Each postal voters' ballot box shall be **opened by the returning officer in the presence of the agents** in accordance with Section 14 Elections (Postal voting) Regulations 2003.
- The returning officer will need to provide each candidate or his/her election agents **at least 24 hour notice in writing of the time and palace of the opening** of each postal voters' ballot box under Section 14 (3) Elections (Postal voting) Regulations 2003.
- No postal voter is **entitled to vote in person on polling day** in accordance with Section 19 Elections (Postal voting) Regulations 2003.

Advance voting

Section 3 of the Elections (Advance Voting) Regulations 2012 states the persons entitled as advance voters are



- 1. Absent voter other than those no resident at the principal of residence on polling day
- 2. Election Commission officer, a candidate, his election agent, booth observer, counting agent, political party's representative.
- 3. A member of the police force
- 4. A member of the Election Commission
- 5. A member of any category of persons designated as advance voters by election commission

Advance polling day shall be given notice by the returning officer to each candidate or the election agent, no less than 72 hours notice in writing of the time and place in accordance with Section 7 of the Elections (Advance Voting) Regulations 2012



Tindak Malaysia Webinar: PACA - Relating to Election Stakeholders

Tindak Malaysia Webinar: Election Agent and PACABA

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MalaysiaKini: DAP candidate shocked EC closing some polling stations earlier

PERANAN PETUGAS PARTI POLITIK_20 jan.pptx

PANDUAN CALON ISI BORANG KERTAS PENAMAAN CALON_R.pdf

https://www.spr.gov.my/sites/default/files/SHK%206.2021%20CETAK%20DOKUMEN%20PRU_1503 2021.pdf

Pakatan hopeful claims polling agent kicked out of voting centre in Ayer Molek



Legislation cited

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Akta Kesalahan Pilihan Raya 1954 (Election Offences Act 1954)

Elections (Postal Voting) Regulations 2003

Elections (Advance voting) Regulations 2012



THANK YOU!

Do you have any questions?

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